Calculator Basics for the TI-83 Plus and TI-86

To effectively use your TI-83 Plus or TI-86 in Calculus there are several things you will need to be familiar with. **Settings** will need to be found and changed. Some settings you use can be found as follows:

SETTING	TI-83 Plus	TI-86
DARKEN/LIGHTEN DISPLAY	2ND Up/Down Arrow Up arrow darkens the display, down arrow lightens it. These may be pressed repeatedly. As you press them a number between 1 and 9 will briefly appear in the upper right hand corner of the screen. The higher the number the older your batteries are and more likely they are to need replacing.	2ND Up/Down Arrow Up arrow darkens the display, down arrow lightens it. These may be pressed repeatedly. As you press them a number between 1 and 9 will briefly appear in the upper right hand corner of the screen. The higher the number the older your batteries are and more likely they are to need replacing.
MODE OPTIONS	MODE The default mode options are those highlighted on the left when you press MODE. You use the arrow keys and press ENTER to change them. Use 2ND QUIT to exit.	MODE The default mode options are those highlighted on the left when you press MODE. You use the arrow keys and press ENTER to change them. Use EXIT to exit.
DEGREES/ RADIANS	MODE Use arrow keys to highlight the one you want press ENTER, then 2ND QUIT. In calculus you usually want the calculator set in Radians.	MODE (2ND MORE) Use the arrow keys to highlight the one you want, press ENTER, then EXIT. In calculus you usually want the calculator set in Radians.
FORMAT OPTIONS	The format screen is not available. The options are found under MODE	GRAPH MORE FORMAT The default format options are those highlighted to the left. You use the arrow keys and press ENTER to change them. Use EXIT to exit.
CONNECTED/DOT DRAW LINE/DRAW DOT	MODE Use arrow keys to highlight whether you want your graph drawn as if it were a continuous function (connected) or a rational function (dot). The resolution on the screen is not always great enough to eliminate the vertical line. You can also change line style.	GRAPH MORE FORMAT Use arrow keys to highlight whether you want your graph drawn as if it were a continuous function (DrawLine) or a rational function (DrawDot). The resolution on the screen is not always great enough to eliminate the vertical line. You can also change line style.
GRAPHING LINE STYLE	The line style is selected from the Y = screen by using the & arrow to move the cursor in front of the Y_1 = and highlighting the \. Change the style by pressing ENTER. Options include a dotted line, shading and a solid line.	The line style is selected from GRAPH Y(x)= MORE STYLE (F3). Change the style by pressing F3. Options include a dotted line, shading and a solid line.

	WINDOW	CDADIL WIND (E2)
	WINDOW	GRAPH WIND (F2)
	The standard default window is	The standard default window is
	$-10 \le x \le 10, -10 \le y \le 10$	$-10 \le x \le 10, -10 \le y \le 10$
	You can change it to whatever you	You can change it to whatever you
GRAPHING	need. Xscl and Yscl refer to the	need. Xscl and Yscl refer to the
WINDOW	scales on the axes. You can change	scales on the axes. You can change
	them to fit the problem. An Xscl	them to fit the problem. An Xscl or
	or Yscl of 0 eliminates tic marks	Yscl of 0 eliminates tic marks from
	from the graph. The larger the xRes	the graph. The larger the xRes
	number is the rougher the graph	number is the rougher the graph will
	will be. The default is 1 .	be. The default is 1 .
	Enter function in Y=. Use the back	Enter function in $y(x)=$. Turn the
SELECTING TO	arrow to move the cursor onto the	function on or off by pressing $F5$
GRAPH OR NOT	=. Press ENTER to turn the	SELECT . The function will graph
TO GRAPH A	function on or off. The function	only when there is a dark background
FUNCTION	will graph only when there is a dark	for the = sign.
FUNCTION	background for the $=$ sign.	for the – sign.
	TRACE	
	Use the arrows to 'trace' the	GRAPH TRACE (F4) Use the arrows to 'trace' the
	function. If more than one function	function. If more than one function
TRACE	is on the screen the function being	is on the screen a small number will
	traced will appear in the upper left-	appear in the upper right-hand corner
	hand corner of the screen.	of the screen. The number refers to
		which function is being traced, i.e., 1
		means function y1 .
	2ND TRACE	GRAPH MORE MATH
	The calculate menu allows you to	From this menu numerical
GRAPHING	evaluate a function at a point, x-	derivatives and integrals, function
CALCULATE	intercepts, function maximums and	maximums and minimums, points of
MENU	minimums, points of intersection,	inflection, points of intersection, x
	numerical derivatives and integrals.	and y intercepts can be found. The
	The graph of the function is used in	graph of the function is used in the
	the evaluations.	evaluations.
	CATALOG (2ND 0)	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS
	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1)
	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and
	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you
	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue-
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CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (green above the keys) the catalog	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue-
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (green above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue- gray above the keys) the catalog will
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (green above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with that letter. Symbols are after	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue- gray above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (green above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with that letter. Symbols are after the letter Z . You can also get there	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue- gray above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with that letter. Symbols are after the
CATALOG	CATALOG (2ND 0) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (green above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with that letter. Symbols are after the letter Z . You can also get there	2ND CUSTOM CATLG/VARS CATLG (F1) Gives access to all functions and operations in the calculator. If you can't find a command elsewhere you can find it here. If you type a key which corresponds to a letter (blue- gray above the keys) the catalog will jump to commands that start with that letter. Symbols are after the letter Z . You can also get there by

ZOOM Options	ZOOM	GRAPH ZOOM (F3)
	1 Zbox	BOX (F1)
	Useful to enlarge part of a graph for inspection. When 1 is pressed a cursor appears at the origin.	Useful to enlarge part of a graph for inspection. When F1 is pressed a cursor appears at the origin. Move it
Zoom Box	Move it with the arrow keys to where you want a corner of a box. Press ENTER to anchor the one corner. Use the arrow keys to	with the arrow keys to where you want a corner of a box. Press ENTER to anchor the one corner. Use the arrow keys to draw a box to
	draw a box to the desired size and press ENTER to redraw the graph to the size of the specified box.	the desired size and press ENTER to redraw the graph to the size of the specified box.
Zoom Standard	6 ZStandard Returns the calculator to the standard viewing window.	ZSTD (F4) Returns the calculator to the standard viewing window.
	7 Ztrig Sets an approximate viewing window of $-1.96\pi \le x \le 1.96\pi$,	MORE ZTRIG (F3) Sets an approximate viewing window $21\pi \leq n \leq 21\pi$
Zoom Trig	$-4 \le y \le 4$, an xScl of $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and a yScl of 1.	of $-\frac{21\pi}{8} \le x \le \frac{21\pi}{8}$, $-4 \le y \le 4$, an xScl of $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and a
	yser 01 1.	yScl of 1.
	0 ZoomFit	MORE ZFIT (F1)
Zoom Fit	Will give you a graph which usually includes the features you want to examine. It can be used to find a good graphing window for a function being examined.	Will give you a graph which usually includes the features you want to examine. It can be used to find a good graphing window for a function being examined.
Zoom Square	5 Zsquare Redraws the graph so that the scales on the x- and y-axes are equally spaced for the viewer. This setting will make a circle look like a circle rather than an ellipse.	MORE ZSQR (F2) Redraws the graph so that the scales on the x- and y-axes are equally spaced for the viewer. This setting will make a circle look like a circle rather than an ellipse.
Zoom Decimal	4 Zdecimal The decimal setting allows the trace function to show x and y values every .1 unit. The default window is $-4.7 \le x \le 4.7$, $-3.1 \le y \le 3.1$	MORE ZDECM (F4) The decimal setting allows the trace function to show x and y values every .1 unit. The default window is $-6.3 \le x \le 6.3$, $-3.1 \le y \le 3.1$
Zoom In	2 Zoom In Allows you to magnify a portion of a graph centered at the cursor.	ZIN (F2) Allows you to magnify a portion of a graph centered at the cursor.
Zoom Out	3 Zoom Out Allows you to examine a larger portion of a graph centered at the cursor.	ZOUT (F3) Allows you to examine a larger portion of a graph centered at the cursor.

	MATH 1 allows you to convert	MATH (2ND X) MISC MORE F1
	between decimals and fractions.	allows you to convert between
	It will only convert rational	decimals and fractions. It will only
%Frac	numbers where the denominator	convert rational numbers where the
	of the fraction is three digits or	denominator of the fraction is three
	less.	digits or less. You may want to store
		this command in your custom menu.
	MODE Simult	GRAPH MORE FORMAT
	Allows you to graph two or more	SimulG
SIMULTANEOUS	functions simultaneously rather	Allows you to graph two or more
GRAPHING	than sequentially.	functions simultaneously rather than
		sequentially.
	MATH (MATH)	CALC (2ND ÷)
	This menu allows you to compute	This menu will allow you to compute
	numerical derivatives and integrals	numerical derivatives, integrals,
CALCULATE MENU	as well as find the maximums and	determine function maximums,
	minimums of functions. It is not	minimums and evaluate the function
	dependent on a graph.	at a point. It is not dependent upon a
		graph.
	Not available	Commands are placed into the
		custom menu from the Catalog.
		Locate the command you want in the
CUSTOM		catalog. Press F3. Press the F key
		where you want to be able to find the
		command. To use that command all
		you need to do is press CUSTOM
		and the appropriate F key.
CLEAR	CLEAR	CLEAR
	Clears data from the screen.	Clears data from the screen.
	Pressing it once clears the last	Pressing it once clears the last entry,
	entry, twice clears the entire	twice clears the entire screen. This
	screen.	key can also be used to clear the
		menu bar from the bottom of a graph.
	1	intendi our from une bottom of u gruph.