

10. This problem can be solved using the principle of conservation of mechanical energy in exactly the same manner as we solved problem number 6 and problem number 8. Thus we have

$$PE_1 + KE_1 = PE_2 + KE_2$$

$$m g h_1 + 0 = 0 + 1/2 m (v_2)^2$$

$$g h_1 = 1/2 (v_2)^2$$

$$(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) (0.4 \text{ m}) = (1/2) (v_2)^2$$

$$(v_2)^2 = 7.84 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

$$v_2 = 2.8 \text{ m/s}$$