## PRO ELECTRON TYPE NUMBERING SYSTEM

## Basic type number

This type designation code applies to discrete semiconductor devices (not integrated circuits), multiples of such devices, semiconductor chips and Darlington transistors.

## First letter

The first letter gives information about the material for the active part of the device.
A germanium or other material with a band gap of 0.6 to 1 eV

B silicon or other material with a band gap of 1 to 1.3 eV
C gallium arsenide (GaAs) or other material with a band gap of 1.3 eV or more
$R$ compound materials, e.g. cadmium sulphide

## Second letter

The second letter indicates the function for which the device is primarily designed. The same letter can be used for multi-chip devices with similar elements.

In the following list low power types are defined by $R_{\text {th } j-m b}>15 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$ and power types by $\mathrm{R}_{\text {th } j-\mathrm{mb}} \leq 15 \mathrm{~K} / \mathrm{W}$.
A diode; signal, low power
B diode; variable capacitance
C transistor; low power, audio frequency
D transistor; power, audio frequency
E diode; tunnel
F transistor; low power, high frequency
G multiple of dissimilar devices/miscellaneous devices; e.g. oscillators. Also with special third letter; see under Section "Serial number".
H diode; magnetic sensitive
L transistor; power, high frequency
N photocoupler
$P$ radiation detector; e.g. high sensitivity photo-transistor; with special third letter
Q radiation generator; e.g. LED, laser; with special third letter
R control or switching device; e.g. thyristor, low power; with special third letter

S transistor; low power, switching
T control or switching device; e.g. thyristor, low power; with special third letter

U transistor; power, switching
W surface acoustic wave device
$X$ diode; multiplier, e.g. varactor, step recovery
Y diode; rectifying, booster
Z diode; voltage reference or regulator, transient suppressor diode; with special third letter.

## Serial number

The number comprises three figures running from 100 to 999 for devices primarily intended for consumer equipment, or one letter ( $Z, Y, X$, etc.) and two figures running from 10 to 99 for devices primarily intended for industrial or professional equipment. ${ }^{(1)}$

## Version letter

A letter may be added to the basic type number to indicate minor electrical or mechanical variants of the basic type.

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[^0]:    (1) When the supply of these serial numbers is exhausted, the serial number may be expanded to three figures for industrial types and four figures for consumer types.

