# Preface

This book is written for undergraduate students and teachers engaged in electrical and computer engineering (ECE) design projects, primarily in the senior year. The objective of the text is to provide a treatment of the design process in ECE with a sound academic basis that is integrated with practical application. This combination is necessary in design projects because students are expected to apply their theoretical knowledge to bring useful systems to reality. This topical integration is reflected in the subtitle of the book: Theory, Concepts, and Practice. Fundamental theories are developed whenever possible, such as in the chapters on functional design decomposition, system behavior, and design for reliability. Many aspects of the design process are based upon time-tested concepts that represent the generalization of successful practices and experience. These concepts are embodied in processes presented in the book, for example, in the chapters on needs identification and requirements development. Regardless of the topic, the goal is to apply the material to practical problems and design projects. Overall, we believe that this text is unique in providing a comprehensive design treatment for ECE, something that is sorely missing in the field. We hope that it will fill an important need as capstone design projects continue to grow in importance in engineering education.

We have found that there are three important pieces to completing a successful design project. The first is an understanding of the design process, the second is an understanding of how to apply technical design tools, and the third is successful application of professional skills. Design teams that effectively synthesize all three tend to be far more successful than those that don't. The book is organized into three parts that support each of these areas.

The first part of the book, *The Engineering Design Process*, embodies the steps required to take an idea from concept to successful design. At first, many students consider the design process to be obvious. Yet it is clear that failure to understand and follow a structured design process often leads to problems in development, if not outright failure. The design process is a theme that is woven throughout the text; however, its main emphasis is placed in the first four chapters. Chapter 1 is an introduction to design processes in different ECE application domains. Chapter 2 provides guidance on how to select projects and assess the needs of the customer or user. Depending upon how the design experience is structured, both students and faculty may be faced with the task of selecting the project concept. Further, one of the important issues in the engineering design is to understand that systems are developed for use by an end user, and if not designed to properly meet that need, they will likely fail. Chapter 3

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explains how to develop the requirements specification along with methods for developing and documenting the requirements. Practical examples are provided to illustrate these methods. Chapter 4 presents concept generation and evaluation. A hallmark of design is that there are many potential solutions to the problem. Designers need to creatively explore the space of possible solutions and apply judgment to select the best one from the competing alternatives.

The second part of the book, *Design Tools*, presents important technical tools that ECE designers often draw upon. Chapter 5 emphasizes system engineering concepts including the well-known functional decomposition design technique and applications in a number of ECE problem domains. Chapter 6 provides methods for describing system behavior, such as flowcharts, state diagrams, and data flow diagrams and gives a brief overview of the Unified Modeling Language (UML). Chapter 7 covers important issues in testing and provides different viewpoints on testing throughout the development cycle. Chapter 8 addresses reliability theory in design, and reliability at both the component and system level is considered.

The third part of the book focuses on *Professional Skills*. Designing, building, and testing a system is a process that challenges the best teams, and requires good communication and project management skills. Chapter 9 provides guidance for effective teamwork. It provides an overview of pertinent research on teaming and distills it into a set of heuristics. Chapter 10 presents traditional elements of project planning, such as the work breakdown structure, network diagrams, and critical path estimation. It also addresses how to estimate worker needs for a design project. Chapter 11 addresses ethical considerations in both system design and professional practice. Case studies for ECE scenarios are examined and analyzed by using the IEEE (Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers) Code of Ethics as a basis. The book concludes with Chapter 12, which contains guidance for students preparing for oral presentations, often a part of capstone design projects.

## Features of the Book

This book aims to guide students and faculty through the steps necessary for the successful execution of design projects. Some of the features are listed below.

- Each chapter provides a brief motivation for the material in the chapter followed by specific learning objectives.
- There are many examples throughout the book that demonstrate the application of the material.
- Each end-of-chapter problem has a different intention. Review problems demonstrate comprehension of the material in the chapter. Application problems require the solution of problems based upon the material learned in the chapter.

Design problems are directly applicable to design projects and are usually tied in with the Project Application section.

- Nearly all chapters contain a project application section that describes how to apply the material to a design project.
- Some chapters contain a guidance section that represents the author's advice on application of the material to a design project.
- Checklists are provided for helping students assess their work.
- There are many terms used in design whose meaning needs to be understood. The text contains a glossary with definitions of design terminology. The terms defined in the glossary (Appendix A) are indicated by *bold-italic* highlighting in the text.
- All chapters conclude with a summary and further reading section. The aim of the further reading portion is to provide pointers for those who want to delve deeper into the material presented.
- The book is structured to help programs demonstrate that they are meeting the ABET (accreditation board for engineering programs) accreditation criteria. It provides examples of how to address constraints and standards that must be considered in design projects. Furthermore, many of the professional skills topics, such as teamwork, ethics, and oral presentation ability, are directly related to the ABET Educational Outcomes. The requirements development methods presented in Chapter 3 are valuable tools for helping students perform on crossfunctional teams where they must communicate with nonengineers.
- An instructor's manual is available at *www.mhhe.com/fordcoulston*. It contains not only solutions, but also guidance from the authors on teaching the material and managing student design teams. It is particularly important to provide advice to instructors since teaching design has unique challenges that are different from those of teaching engineering science–oriented courses that most faculty members are familiar with.
- PowerPoint<sup>™</sup> presentations are available for instructors through the McGraw-Hill *www.mhhe.com/fordcoulston* website.
- There are a number of complete case study student projects available in electronic form for download by both students and instructors and available at *www.mhhe.com/fordcoulston*. These projects have been developed by using the processes provided in this book.

# How to Use this Book

There are several common models for teaching capstone design, and this book has the flexibility to serve different needs. Particularly, chapters from Section III, Professional Skills,

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can be inserted as appropriate throughout the course. Recommended usage of the book for three different models of teaching a capstone design course is presented.

- Model I. This is a two-semester course sequence. In the first semester, students learn about design principles and start their capstone projects. This is the model that we follow. In the first semester the material in the book is covered in its entirety. The order of coverage is typically Chapters 1–3, 9, 4–6, 10–11, and 7–8. Chapter 9 (Teams and Teamwork) is covered immediately after the projects are identified and the teams are formed. Chapters 10 (Project Management) and 11 (Ethical and Legal Issues) are covered after the system design techniques in Chapters 5 and 6 are presented. Students are in a good position to create a project plan and address ethical issues in their designs after learning the more technical aspects of design. Chapter 12 (Oral Presentations) is assigned to students to read before their first oral presentation to the faculty. The course concludes with principles of testing and system reliability (Chapters 7 and 8). We assign a good number of end-of-chapter problems and have quizzes throughout the semester. By the end of the first semester, design teams are expected to have completed development of the requirements, the high-level or architectural design, and developed a project plan. In the second semester, student teams implement and test their designs under the guidance of a faculty advisor.
- **Model II**. This two-semester course sequence is similar to Model I with the difference being that the first semester is a lower credit course (often one credit) taught in a seminar format. In this model chapters can be selected to support the projects. Some of the core chapters for consideration are Chapters 1–5, which take the student from project selection to functional design, and Chapters 9–11 on teamwork, project management, and ethical issues. Other chapters could be covered at the instructor's discretion. The use of end-of-chapter problems would be limited, but the project application sections and example problems in the text would be useful in guiding students through their projects.
- Model III. This is a one-semester design sequence. Here, the book would be used to guide students through the design process. Chapters for consideration are 1–5 and 9–10, which provide the basics of design, teamwork, and project management. The project application sections and problems could be used as guidance for the project teams.

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We hope that you find this book valuable, and that it motivates you to create great designs. We welcome your comments and input. Please feel free to email us.

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