4. We will write the speed of 1% the speed of light as 0.01 c in the expression for γ .

$$\gamma = (1 - v^{2}/c^{2})^{-1/2}$$

$$\gamma = [1 - (0.01 c)^{2}/c^{2}]^{-1/2}$$

$$\gamma = [1 - (0.01)^{2}]^{-1/2} = 1/[1 - 0.0001]^{1/2}$$

$$\gamma = 1/(0.9999)^{1/2} = 1/0.99995$$

$$\gamma = 1.00005$$

This indicates that even for a speed of 1 % the speed of light the differences between the predictions of special relativity and those of classical mechanics do not differ by much, only by 0.005 %. A speed of 1 % the speed of light is 3 \times 10⁶ m/s. This is a very large speed, equivalent to 6.7 million miles per hour!