

Name(s) shown on return. (Name and SSN or taxpayer identification no. not required if shown on other side.) **Social security number or taxpayer identification number**

*Most brokers issue their own substitute statement instead of using Form 1099-B. They also may provide basis information (usually your cost) to you on the statement even if it is not reported to the IRS. Before you check Box A, B, or C below, determine whether you received any statement(s) and, if so, the transactions for which basis was reported to the IRS. Brokers are required to report basis to the IRS for most stock you bought in 2011 or later.*

**Part II** **Long-Term.** Transactions involving capital assets you held more than one year are long term. For short-term transactions, see page 1.

**You must check Box A, B, or C below. Check only one box.** If more than one box applies for your long-term transactions, complete a separate Form 8949, page 2, for each applicable box. If you have more long-term transactions than will fit on this page for one or more of the boxes, complete as many forms with the same box checked as you need.

- (A)** Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis **was** reported to the IRS
  - (B)** Long-term transactions reported on Form(s) 1099-B showing basis **was not** reported to the IRS
  - (C)** Long-term transactions not reported to you on Form 1099-B

**4 Totals.** Add the amounts in columns (d), (e), (g), and (h) (subtract negative amounts). Enter each total here and include on your Schedule D, **line 8** (if **Box A** above is checked), **line 9** (if **Box B** above is checked), or **line 10** (if **Box C** above is checked) ►

**Note.** If you checked Box A above but the basis reported to the IRS was incorrect, enter in column (e) the basis as reported to the IRS, and enter an adjustment in column (g) to correct the basis. See *Column (g)* in the separate instructions for how to figure the amount of the adjustment.