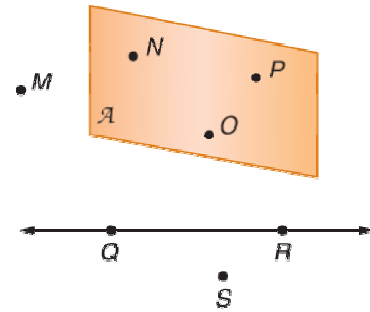


Lesson 5-1

Example 1

In the figures shown, name the following.

- a. two collinear points b. three noncollinear points
c. three coplanar points d. two noncoplanar points



Solution

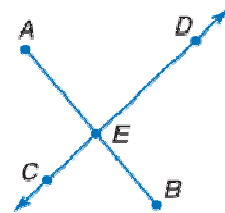
- a. Q and R lie on the same line, so they are collinear.
b. Q , R , and S are noncollinear since there is no line that contains all three points.
c. N , O , and P lie in the same plane, so they are coplanar.
d. M and N are noncoplanar since they do not lie in the same plane.

Example 2

In the figure, \overline{CD} bisects \overline{AB} .
Name two congruent line segments.

Solution

Since \overline{CD} bisects \overline{AB} , point E is the midpoint of \overline{AB} .
Therefore, segments \overline{AE} and \overline{EB} have the same length,
or $\overline{AE} \cong \overline{EB}$.



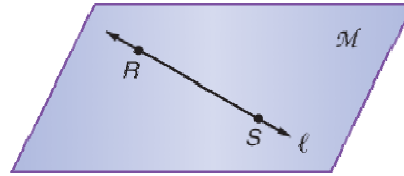
Example 3

State which postulate is illustrated in each figure.

a.



b.

**Solution**

- a. Points X and Y form line l , so the figure illustrates *Postulate 1*.
- b. Points R and S are contained in plane M , and the line they form, l , is also contained in the plane. This illustrates *Postulate 3*.